

Phosphorus Phosphomolybdate -UV

IVD For In-Vitro diagnostic and professional use only

2°C  8°C
Store at 2-8°C

INTENDED USE

For the quantitative determination of phosphorus in human serum, plasma or urine.

INTRODUCTION

Phosphorus is an essential mineral for tissue bone formation and is required by every cell in the body for normal function. Approximately 85% of the body phosphorus is found in bone and in teeth.

Low levels of phosphorus, can be caused by hypervitaminosis D, primary hyperparathyroidism, renal tubular disorders, antacids or malabsorption.

High levels of phosphorus can be caused by diet, bone metastases, liver disease, alcohol ingestion, diarrhea and vomiting.

Clinical diagnosis should not be made on a single test result; it should integrate clinical and other laboratory data.

PRINCIPLE

Direct method for determining inorganic phosphate.

Inorganic phosphate reacts in acid medium with ammonium molybdate to form a phosphomolybdate complex with yellow color.

The intensity of the color formed is proportional to the inorganic phosphorus concentration in the sample

MATERIALS

REAGENTS

| | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Reagent Molybdic | Ammonium molybdate | 0.40 mM |
| | Sulphuric acid (SO ₄ H ₂) Detergents | 210 mM |

| | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| PHOSPHORUS STD | Phosphorus aqueous primary standard 5 mg/dL |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------|

EQUIPMENTS NEEDED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Spectrophotometer or colorimeter measuring at 340 nm.
- Matched cuvettes 1.0 cm light path.
- General laboratory equipment.

PRECAUTIONS

- Corrosive (C): Causes severe burns.
- Avoid contact with the skin. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
- Never add water to this product.
- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.

PREPARATION

- Reagent and Standard are ready to use.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- All the components of the kit are stable until the expiration date on the label when stored tightly closed at 2-8°C, protected from light and contaminations prevented during their use.
- Do not use reagents over the expiration date.
- **Signs of reagent deterioration:**
 - Presence of particles and turbidity.
 - Blank absorbance (A) at 340 nm \geq 0.54.

SAMPLES

Serum or plasma:

Free of hemolysis. Serum or plasma should be removed from the clot as quickly as possible to avoid elevation of serum phosphorus from hydrolysis or leakage of phosphate present in erythrocytes. Stability: 7 days at 2-8°C.

Urine (24 h):

Collect the specimen into a bottle containing 10 mL of 10% v/v hydrochloric acid (HCl) to avoid phosphate precipitations. Adjust to pH 2. Dilute the sample 1/10

with distilled water. Mix. Multiply the result by 10 (dilution factor). Stability: 10 days at 2-8°C.

PROCEDURE

1. Assay conditions:

Wavelength:340 nm

Cuvette: 1 cm. light path

Temperature37 / 30 / 25°C

2. Adjust the instrument to zero with distilled water.

3. Pipette into a cuvette:

| | Blank | Standard | Sample |
|---------------|-------|----------|--------|
| R (mL) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Standard (μL) | -- | 10 | -- |
| Sample (μL) | -- | -- | 10 |

4. Mix and incubate for 5 minutes.

5. Read the absorbance (A) of the samples and Standard, against the Blank.

CALCULATIONS

Serum: __

$\frac{(A)Sample - (A)Blank}{(A)Standard - (A)Blank} \times 5(\text{Standard conc.}) = \text{mg/dL (of phosphorus)}$

Urine 24 h: __

$\frac{(A)Sample - (A)Blank}{(A)Standard - (A)Blank} \times 5 \times \text{vol. (dL urine 24 h)} = \text{mg/24 h (of phosphorus)}$

Conversion factor: mg/dL x 0.323 = mmol/L.

QUALITY CONTROL

- Control sera are recommended to monitor the performance of assay procedures:
- If control values are found outside the defined range, check the instrument, reagents and calibrator for problems.
- Each laboratory should establish its own Quality Control scheme and corrective actions if controls do not meet the acceptable tolerances.

REFERENCE VALUES

Serum or plasma:

Children 4,0 – 7,0 mg/dL = 1,29 – 2.26mmol/L

Adults 2,5 – 5,0 mg/dL = 0.80 – 1.61 mmol/L

Urine:**Adults 0.4 – 1.3 g /24 h****NOTE**

These values are for orientation purpose; each laboratory should establish its own reference range.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**Measuring range:**

From *detection limit* of 0.000 mg/dL to *linearity limit* of 35 mg/dL.

If the results obtained were greater than linearity limit, dilute the sample 1/2 with NaCl 9 g/L and multiply the result by 2.

Precision:

| | Intra-assay (n=20) | | Inter-assay (n=20) | |
|--------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|------|
| | Mean (mg/dl) | 4.09 | 7.12 | 4.11 |
| SD | 0.03 | 0.046 | 0.09 | 0.06 |
| CV (%) | 0.62 | 0.80 | 2.15 | 0.80 |

Sensitivity:

1 mg/dL = 0,0798 A.

Accuracy:

Results obtained using reagents (y) did not show systematic differences when compared with other commercial reagents (x). The results obtained using 50 samples were the following:

Correlation coefficient (r)²: 0.8577.

Regression equation: y= 0.724x + 0.837.

The results of the performance characteristics depend on the analyzer used

INTERFERENCES

Hemolyzed specimens are unacceptable because erythrocytes contain high concentrations of organic phosphate esters, which can be hydrolyzed to inorganic phosphate during storage. Inorganic phosphate increases by 4 to 5 mg/dL per day. A list of drugs and other interfering substances with phosphorus determination has been reported by Young.

NOTES

- Most of the detergents and water softening

products used in the laboratories contain chelating agents and phosphates. It is recommended to rinse glassware in diluted nitric acid and water before using.

- Calibration with the aqueous standard may cause a systematic error in automatic procedures. In these cases, it is recommended to use a serum Calibrator.
- Use clean disposable pipette tips for its dispensation.

REFERENCES

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|-----|-----------------------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| REF | Catalogue Number | | Temperature limit |
| IVD | In Vitro diagnostic medical device | | Caution |
| | Contains sufficient for <n> tests and Relative size | | Consult instructions for use (IFU) |
| LOT | Batch code | | Manufacturer |
| | Fragile, handle with care | | Use-by date |
| | Manufacturer fax number | | Do not use if package is damaged |
| | Manufacturer telephone number | | Date of Manufacture |
| | Keep away from sunlight | | Keep dry |